

LICENSING COMMITTEE

MEETING TO BE HELD IN CIVIC HALL, LEEDS ON

TUESDAY, 22ND JUNE, 2010 AT 11.00 AM

(At the conclusion of the Licensing and Regulatory Panel)

MEMBERSHIP

Councillors

S Armitage (Chair)	-	Cross Gates and Whinmoor;
M Dobson	-	Garforth and Swillington;
J Dunn	-	Ardsley and Robin Hood;
Mrs R Feldman	-	Alwoodley;
R D Feldman	-	Alwoodley;
T Grayshon	-	Morley South;
T Hanley	-	Bramley and Stanningley;
G Hussain	-	Roundhay;
G Hyde	-	Killingbeck and Seacroft;
V Morgan	-	Killingbeck and Seacroft;
B Selby	-	Killingbeck and Seacroft;
C Townsley	-	Horsforth;
D Wilson	-	Rothwell;
G Wilkinson	-	Wetherby;

1 X LIBERAL DEMOCRAT NOMINEE

Agenda compiled by: Tel No: Governance Services Civic Hall LEEDS LS1 1UR Helen Gray 247 4355

AGENDA

ltem No	Ward/Equal Opportunities	ltem Not Open		Page No
1			APPEALS AGAINST REFUSAL OF INSPECTION OF DOCUMENTS	
			To consider any appeals in accordance with Procedure Rule 25 of the Access to Information Procedure Rules (in the event of an Appeal the press and public will be excluded)	
			(*In accordance with Procedure Rule 25, written notice of an appeal must be received by the Chief Democratic Services Officer at least 24 hours before the meeting)	
2			EXEMPT INFORMATION - POSSIBLE EXCLUSION OF THE PRESS AND PUBLIC	
			1 To highlight reports or appendices which officers have identified as containing exempt information, and where officers consider that the public interest in maintaining the exemption outweighs the public interest in disclosing the information, for the reasons outlined in the report.	
			2 To consider whether or not to accept the officers recommendation in respect of the above information.	
			3 If so, to formally pass the following resolution:-	
			RESOLVED – That the press and public be excluded from the meeting during consideration of those parts of the agenda designated as containing exempt information on the grounds that it is likely, in view of the nature of the business to be transacted or the nature of the proceedings, that if members of the press and public were present there would be disclosure to them of exempt information	

ltem No	Ward/Equal Opportunities	ltem Not Open		Page No
3			LATE ITEMS	
			To identify items which have been admitted to the agenda by the Chair for consideration	
			(The special circumstances shall be specified in the minutes)	
4			DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST	
			To declare any personal/prejudicial interests for the purpose of Section 81(3) of the Local Government Act 2000 and paragraphs 8 to 12 of the Members Code of Conduct	
5			APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE	
6			MINUTES	1 - 4
			To approve the minutes of the last meeting held on 13 th April 2010 as a correct record	
			(copy attached)	
7	All Wards;		LICENSING COMMITTEE - ANNUAL GOVERNANCE ARRANGEMENTS	5 - 22
			 To consider the report of the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) seeking to establish the governance arrangements for the Licensing Committee during the 2010/2011 Municipal Year. The report includes the Terms of Reference for the full Committee and Members are asked to consider: The appointment of the Sub Committees The Terms of Reference of the Sub Committees The officer delegation scheme 	
			(Report attached)	

ltem No	Ward/Equal Opportunities	ltem Not Open		Page No
8	All Wards;		LICENSING PROCEDURE RULES AND CODE OF PRACTICE FOR DETERMINING LICENSING MATTERS	23 - 50
			To consider the report of the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) setting out the proposed Rules of Procedure and the Code of Practice for Determining Licensing Matters to be followed by the Licensing Committee and its Sub- Committees during the 2010/2011 Municipal Year	
			(Report attached)	
9	Various;		WORK PROGRAMME	51 - 54
			To note the proposed Licensing Work Programme associated with both the Licensing Committee and the Licensing and Regulatory Panel 2010/2011	54
			(Schedule attached)	
10			DATE AND TIME OF NEXT MEETING	
			To note the date and time of the next meeting as Tuesday 20 th July 2010 at 10.00 am. This meeting will be followed immediately by a meeting of the Licensing and Regulatory Panel.	
			The following is the list for the remainder of the Municipal Year: <u>Licensing Committee and</u> <u>Licensing & Regulatory Panel - one meeting to</u> <u>commence at the former's conclusion. The meeting</u> <u>beginning at 10.00 am will alternate on a monthly</u> <u>basis</u>	
			20 th July 2010; 17 th August 2010; 14 th September 2010: 19 th October 2010; 16 th November 2010; 21 st December 2010; 18 th January 2011; 15 th February 2011: 15 th March 2011: 12 th April 2011 and 17 th May 2011	

Licensing Committee

Tuesday, 13th April, 2010

PRESENT: Councillor D Wilson in the Chair

Councillors M Dobson, J Dunn, T Grayshon, G Hyde, V Morgan, B Selby, R D Feldman, C Townsley and G Wilkinson

IN ATTENDANCE

Mrs B Yearwood – LCC Area Community Safety Co-Ordinator (East Leeds) Inspector E Chesters – Killingbeck & Seacroft Neighbourhood Policing Team

47 Chairs Opening Remarks

The Chair noted this would be the last Committee meeting prior to the local and General Elections called for 6 May 2010. He expressed his thanks to colleagues for their hard work during the 2009/10 Municipal Year and wished all Members well in the forthcoming elections.

48 Declarations of Interest

There were no declarations of interest.

49 Apologies for Absence

Apologies for absence were received from Councillors Castle and Hanley.

50 Minutes

RESOLVED – That the minutes of the previous meeting held 1st December 2009 be agreed as a correct record

51 Proposed Designated Public Places Order (DPPO) Seacroft & Killingbeck

The Director of Environment and Neighbourhoods submitted a report setting out proposals for a Designated Public Places Order (DPPO) to be made to cover the area of Seacroft and Killingbeck in East Leeds as detailed in Appendices 2 and 3 of the report. The report outlined the background to the proposals and the consultation process undertaken so far.

Mrs B Yearwood attended the meeting to present the proposals and explained this DPPO was intended for use as another measure to address alcohol related incidents of anti social behaviour which affected the area. She stated incidents of alcohol related assaults occurred throughout the ward and a particular issue was the presence of groups of youths who pressurised adults into purchasing alcohol for them. It was noted the ward had a high proportion of licensed shops and public houses compared to other wards in Leeds. Inspector E Chesters of West Yorkshire Police (WYP) explained the measures already in place to assist with policing the area and went onto state that this DPPO would provide the police with additional powers to deal with incidents of alcohol related anti social behaviour. Insp. Chesters was mindful of the impact the forthcoming World Cup and associated celebrations could have on instances of street drinking.

The report included schedules and maps detailing the type and locations of anti social behaviour in the area. Members commented on the number of hotspots identified. It was reported that two of these were very close to the two large supermarkets within the ward, the remaining hotspots identified streets where residents were known to hold impromptu "street parties".

The Committee discussed the pricing strategy of supermarkets with regards to alcohol sales. Members also considered the interpretation of the measures contained within a DPPO and were assured that police officers and PCSO's within East Leeds received training on the measures in order to ensure consistency of approach.

RESOLVED –

- a) That approval be given for a Designated Public Places Order to be made in respect of Seacroft and Killingbeck as set out in Appendix 2 of the submitted report and detailed in the map attached at Appendix 3
- b) That the Director of Environment and Neighbourhoods be authorised to advertise the making of the Order, to procure the required signage and to carry out any further steps necessary to bring the Order into force

52 Large Casino Update

The Committee considered the report of the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) on the next steps to be taken by the Authority in the process of determining the grant of a Large Casino licence under the terms of the Gambling Act 2005. It was noted the Authority had now reached the preliminary stages of the process in terms of establishing a Project Board within the Department of Development and procuring an Advisory Panel to advise the Licensing Committee.

Members noted that operators had started to show an interest in the progress of the Authority and were advised to record any approaches made to them directly by interested parties as outlined in the letter from the Section Head, Entertainment Licensing.

RESOLVED – To note the contents of the report

53 Three Yearly Review of the Statement of Licensing Policy

The Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) submitted a report on the process of reviewing the Council's Statement of Licensing Policy, as required by Section 5 of the Licensing Act 2003.

Officers reported the Policy remained fit for purpose but required amendment to incorporate the changes relating to Community Premises and Minor Amendments implemented by Central Government. The Committee noted the five Cumulative Impact Areas within Leeds would also be reviewed as part of the process.

Members recalled earlier discussions on the impact of alcohol sales from supermarkets, proxy sales and youth drinking and went onto make the following comments

"Check 25"

- Suggested a "Check 25" condition be implemented on Premises Licences held by supermarkets and off-licences.
- The Committee was advised that this could not be imposed as a "blanket condition" but could be included within the Policy as an indication of the commitment the Committee would like to see from all applicants seeking a Premises Licence for a supermarket and/or off licence.
- WYP as the relevant Responsible Authority would liaise with prospective applicants over this measure. Applicants could then choose to offer Check 25 within their management plan for the premises included within their application or choose not to offer it. WYP could then consider whether to raise a representation, thereby securing a hearing before a Sub Committee where Members could consider the specific application on its own merits and determine whether to impose any conditions or not.
- The Committee was supportive of this suggestion and noted that further consultation and evidence gathering would have to be undertaken with WYP and possibly the Primary Care Trusts prior to it being included within the Revised Policy.

Test Purchases

- Members noted that 2 successful test purchases in a short period would now constitute the offence of persistent under age sales rather than 3 instances.
- The Committee accepted a suggestion that representatives from WYP and West Yorkshire Trading Standards be invited to attend a future meeting to explain their approach to the issues of proxy sales and youth drinking.
- Members also requested representatives from LCC Youth Services be invited to attend to present the advice about alcohol given by the Service to young people, preventative measures and the activities on offer.

RESOLVED

- a) To note the contents of the report
- b) To note the intention to invite representatives of various organisations; including West Yorkshire Trading Standards, Leeds Youth Services and WYP; to future Committee meetings to provide an overview of their role in the work undertaken to address the issues of proxy sales and the culture of youth drinking.
- c) To note the Committees' support for the Statement of Licensing Policy to be amended in order to incorporate a "Check 25" requirement for all supermarket and "off-licence" Premise Licences and the work necessary to make that amendment

54 Any Other Business

<u>Member Training</u> –.Officers outlined the proposed itinerary for a night time visit around the city for the Committee and Members of the Licensing and Regulatory Panel. The visit could incorporate a CIP area, an area with a

DPPO in place, a presentation by WYP and provide an overview of the night time economy within the city centre including taxi and private hire issues. The date for the visit would be confirmed to Members following the election.

55 Date and Time of Next Meeting

RESOLVED – To note the provisional date and time of the next Committee meeting as Tuesday 20th July 2010 in the new Municipal Year



Ag**enda Item** Originator: Kate Feltham Tel: 3951167

Report of the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance)

Report to the Licensing Committee

Date: 22 June 2010

Subject: Licensing Committee – Annual Governance Arrangements

Electoral wards affected:	Specific implications for:
All	Ethnic minorities
	Women
	Disabled people
	Narrowing the gap

Executive Summary

- Under the Licensing Act 2003 and the Gambling Act 2005 the Licensing Committee is authorised to discharge the licensing functions of the Licensing Authority. This report deals with the annual governance arrangements for Licensing Committee.
- 2. The Licensing Act 2003 specifically dis-applies Section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972 in respect of the Licensing Committee. The 2003 Act specifically provides that the Licensing Committee may establish one or more sub-committees, and that the Licensing Committee may arrange for the discharge of any functions exercised by a sub-committee established by it, or by an officer of the Licensing Authority.
- 3. This report therefore deals with the appointment and Terms of Reference of Licensing sub-committees, and the delegation of functions to officers.

1.0 Purpose of this report

- 1.1 This report is presented to members to establish the governance arrangements for the Licensing Committee for the 2010/2011 Municipal Year, namely:
 - Noting the Terms of Reference of the Licensing Committee as agreed at the Annual Council meeting on 27 May 2010.
 - To appoint licensing sub-committees for the 2010/2011 Municipal Year.
 - To approve Terms of Reference for the licensing sub-committees.
 - To approve the delegation of functions to Officer as appropriate.

2.0 Background information

- 2.1 The Council is the Licensing Authority under the Licensing Act 2003 ("the 2003 Act") and the Gambling Act 2005 ("the 2005 Act").
- 2.2 In accordance with both the 2003 Act and 2005 Act, with the exception of specified functions (which largely relate to the Authority's statement on licensing policy), all matters relating to the discharge by the Authority of its licensing functions are referred to its Licensing Committee. This discretion does not extend to any licensing function referred to full Council or a licensing function where full Council has referred the matter to another committee.
- 2.3 The Licensing Committee is also authorised to delegate functions of the Authority to Officers.

Legislation

- 2.4 Section 101 of the Local Government Act 1972 sets out the arrangements for the discharge of functions by Local Authorities. Section 101 is, however, amended by the 2003 Act to dis-apply these provisions in respect of any functions of the Licensing Authority.
- 2.5 Instead the 2003 Act specifically provides that a Licensing Committee may establish one or more sub-committees consisting of three members of the committee (Section 9). It also provides that regulations may make provisions about the proceedings of Licensing Committees, and their sub-committees (including the validity of proceedings and the quorum of the meeting).
- 2.6 Subject to any such regulations the Licensing Committee may regulate its own procedure and that of its sub-committees (Section 9(3) of the 2003 Act).
- 2.7 The 2003 Act also provides that the Licensing Committee may arrange for the discharge of any functions exercisable by it:
 - (a) by a sub-committee established by it, or
 - (b) by an officer of the Licensing Authority.
- 2.8 Where arrangements are made for a sub-committee to discharge functions, that sub-committee may in turn arrange for the discharge of the function by an officer of the Licensing Authority.

- 2.9 The powers of the sub-committee to delegate to officers are subject to any direction given by the Licensing Committee to the sub-committee (Section 10(5) of the 2003 Act).
- 2.10 The arrangements may provide for more than one sub-committee or officer to discharge the same function concurrently (Section 10(3)).
- 2.11 There are limitations to the power to delegate in relation to a number of different functions. Generally where representations or objections have been made in respect of particular applications decisions cannot be delegated to an officer. These limitations are set out in Section 10(4) of the 2003 Act.

3.0 Main issues

Licensing Committee Terms of Reference

- 3.1 The Terms of Reference for the Licensing Committee were agreed at the annual Council meeting held on 27 May 2010. The Terms of Reference are attached at **Appendix 1** of this report for Members' information.
- 3.2 Members should note that under Section 7(3) of the 2003 Act full Council may arrange for the Licensing Committee to discharge any function of the Authority which "relates to" a matter referred to the Committee but which is not a licensing function.
- 3.3 Members should note that the power to make a Designated Public Places Order in respect of alcohol consumption under the Criminal Justice and Police Act 2001 was delegated by full Council to the Licensing Committee on 11 January 2006. The Committee's Terms of Reference have now been amended to make this clear as previously this function was contained in a footnote.
- 3.4 Members should also note that under the same provision in the Licensing Act full Council has delegated the Licensing Committee the power to designate an area of an Alcohol Disorder Zone under Section 16 of the Violent Crime Reduction Act 2006.

Appointment of Sub-Committees

3.5 As referred to above, the Licensing Committee may establish one or more subcommittees consisting of three members of the committee. Previously five subcommittees were established each with three members. It is again proposed that five sub-committees are established. Due to changes in the membership of the Licensing Committee it is now necessary to re-appoint the sub-committees.

Membership

3.6 The membership of the full Licensing Committee is not yet known. As such the membership of each sub-committee as set out in **Appendix 2** to this report is purely a proposal. It is hoped that by the time of the first meeting of the Licensing Committee all nominees will be known and the membership of the sub-committees can be completed. The rules on political balance do not apply to sub-committees and previously membership has been allocated to each sub-committee alphabetically unless all three members of a sub-committee established by alphabet are from the same ward, in which case they have been split amongst the sub-committees.

<u>Substitutes</u>

3.7 The Licensing Procedure Rules provide that the fifteen members of the Licensing Committee form a pool for the purposes of substitutions to the sub-committees. Therefore any member of the Licensing Committee may substitute for any other members of the Licensing Committee at any meeting of a sub-committee.

Appointment of Chairs

3.8 Chairs are not appointed to each sub-committee, but instead, the Members present at each meeting of a sub-committee appoint the chair from their numbers.

Quorum

3.9 The quorum of meetings of the Licensing Committee is five, and for the subcommittee, three. However, on 5 June 2007 the Licensing Committee did approve that in exceptional circumstances on the day of the sub-committee hearing and after all other avenues to seek a third Member have been exhausted, a quorum of two will be permissible.

Sub-Committee Terms of Reference

- 3.10 The proposed Terms of Reference for the licensing sub-committees are set out at **Appendix 3** to this report. Member will recall that sub-committees do not deal with large scale or outdoor events like the Leeds Festival. Such events raise serious issues of public safety, crowd control and public nuisance. As such it was felt they should be the subject of consideration by the full Licensing Committee. Sub-committees will still deal with smaller outdoor events and with all outdoor events applications such as those made by Parks and Countryside to licensed Council parks. These applications do not raise the same issues as large scale outdoor events. Sub-committees are also empowered to deal with reviews of premises licenses.
- 3.11 Members will note that it is proposed to insert a new paragraph into the Terms of Reference to state that the sub-committee can also deal with any other hearing required under the 2003 or 2005 Acts, but which may not be specified in the Terms of Reference. This is to ensure that as legislation comes into force the sub-committee is able to continue to deal with all hearings relating to the Council's licensing functions without having to necessarily amend the licensing sub-committees Terms of Reference each time. It is proposed that the licensing sub-committees Terms of Reference will be regularly updated with any new legislation, this proposal is a measure designed to prevent potential difficulties with the timely disposal of licensing hearings.
- 3.12 The Committee is asked to approve the licensing sub-committees Terms of Reference as shown at **Appendix 3**.

Officer Delegation Scheme

3.13 Members will recall as set out in paragraph 2.7 above that the Licensing Committee may arrange for the discharge of any functions exercisable by it to be carried out by an officer of the Licensing Authority. The Licensing Committee has previously delegated functions to the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) as set out in the Officer Delegation Scheme shown at **Appendix 4**. The Committee is asked to approve the delegation of the licensing functions to the Assistant Chief

Executive (Corporate Governance) as contained in the Delegation Scheme at **Appendix 4**.

Alcohol Disorder Zones

- 3.14 The Violent Crime Reduction Act 2006 introduced Alcohol Disorder Zones (ADZs). These came into force in 2009 when regulations were made. An area can be designated an ADZ where there is a problem with alcohol related nuisance, crime and disorder, but there is no clear link between the problem and an individual licensed premises. A problem with an individual licensed premise can be tackled under current licensing legislation. The process for designating an ADZ is set out in the regulations and involves consulting on the proposals, obtaining the consent of the police, developing an action plan and operating and administering the ADZ.
- 3.15 This function has been delegated by full Council to the Licensing Committee under Section 7(3) of the Licensing Act 2003 as full Council considered it to be "related to" an existing licensing function, however it is not a licensing function under the 2003 Act.
- 3.16 It is proposed that the function of making an ADZ is delegated to the Director of Environment and Neighbourhoods. This proposal is due to the nature of an ADZ, which at first glance may appear to be a licensing power. However the requirement for the consent of the police and the partnership approach required in consulting on the making of an ADZ, indicates that it is a function that Members may consider would sit within the Council's Community Safety Service and should be a power exercised by officers. For example the Community Safety Service currently deals with ASBOs and Premises Closure Orders which require consultation with the Police in a similar manner to an ADZ. This consultation is carried out at anti-social behaviour panels, which contain multi-agency representatives. The Director of Environment and Neighbourhoods, Head of Licensing and Registration, and the Head of Community Safety have been consulted on this issue and the responses received have indicated that if members feel this function is one that should be delegated to officers, that it would be appropriate for it to be dealt with as a crime and disorder function and delegated to the Director of Environment and Neighbourhoods.
- 3.17 Members are asked to approve the delegation of the function of Alcohol Disorder Zones to the Director of Environment and Neighbourhoods as contained in the delegation scheme shown at **Appendix 5**.

4.0 Implications for council policy and governance

4.1 The appointment of sub-committees to carry out the licensing functions and delegations to officers as appropriate, is consistent with good corporate governance arrangements.

5.0 Legal and resource implications

- 5.1 This report ensures that the Licensing Authority can carry out its functions as required by the legislation.
- 5.2 There are no resource implications.
- 6.0 Recommendations

- 6.1 Members of the Licensing Committee are requested to note the Terms of Reference of the Licensing Committee as approved by full Council on 20 May 2010 as shown at **Appendix 1**.
- 6.2 Members of the Licensing Committee are asked to establish five licensing subcommittees, noting the arrangements for the membership as set out in paragraph 3.6 above.
- 6.3 Members of the Licensing Committee are asked to approve the membership of each sub-committee as set out in **Appendix 2** of this report.
- 6.4 Members of the Licensing Committee are asked to approve the Terms of Reference for the licensing sub-committees as set out in **Appendix 3** of this report.
- 6.5 Members of the Licensing Committee are asked to approve the delegation of licensing functions to the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) as shown in **Appendix 4** to this report.
- 6.6 Members of the Licensing Committee are asked to approve the delegation of the function of making an Alcohol Disorder Zone to the Director of Environment and Neighbourhoods as shown in **Appendix 5** to this report.

The Licensing Committee

With the exception¹ of

- any licensing function under the Licensing Act 2003 (the 2003 Act) or the Gambling Act 2005 (the 2005 Act) reserved to full Council;² or
- any licensing function where full Council has referred a matter to another committee,³

the Licensing Committee is authorised to discharge⁴ the following functions⁵:

- 1. to discharge the licensing functions of the licensing authority;⁶
- 2.1 to discharge any other function of the authority referred to it by full Council;⁷
- 2.2 pursuant to the provision in section 2.1 above full Council has delegated to the Licensing Committee the following functions:

2.2.1 the power to make a designated public places order in respect of alcohol consumption under the Criminal Justice and Police Act 2001⁸

2.2.2 the power to designate an area as an Alcohol Disorder Zone⁹

- 3 in respect of any approval, consent, licence, permission, or registration which they may grant,
 - (a) To impose conditions limitations or restrictions;
 - (b) To determine any terms;
 - (c) To determine whether and how to enforce any failure to comply;
 - (d) To amend, modify, vary or revoke;

¹ In accordance with Section 7(2) of the 2003 Act or s154 (2) (a) and (c) of the 2005 Act.

² Part 3, Section 2A of the Constitution sets out licensing functions reserved to full Council, as licensing authority under the 2003 Act and under the 2005 Act.

³ Under the provisions of Section 7(5)(a) of the 2003 Act.

⁴ The Committee may arrange for any of its functions to be discharged by one or more subcommittees, or by an officer, subject to the exceptions set out in Section 10(4) of the 2003 Act see also Section 154 of the 2005 Act. ⁵ "Functions" for these purposes shall be construed in a broad and inclusive fashion and shall include

⁵ "Functions" for these purposes shall be construed in a broad and inclusive fashion and shall include the doing of anything which is calculated to facilitate or is conducive or incidental to the discharge of any of the specified functions.

⁶ This includes the power to set fees under Section 212 of the 2005 Act

⁷ Full Council may arrange for the Licensing Committee to discharge any function of the authority which relates to a matter referred to the Committee but is not a licensing function (Section 7(3)). It may also refer a matter to the Committee where a matter relates to both a licensing function and to a function of the authority which is not a licensing function, and arrange for the Committee to discharge the other function (Section 7(5)(b) of the 2003 Act). Before exercising this power, the Council must consult with the Committee.

⁸ Item 49 of Para I of Schedule 1 to the 2000 Regulations

⁹ Item 50 Para I of Schedule 1 to the 2000 Regulations

(e) To determine whether a charge should be made or the amount of such a charge.

- 4. to make recommendations to full Council in connection with the discharge of its functions as licensing authority;¹⁰ and
- 5. to receive reports from, and to make recommendations and representations to other committees or bodies as appropriate.¹¹

¹⁰ Including recommendations arising from the monitoring of the operation and impact of the licensing or Gambling policy by the Licensing Committee.

¹¹ Where the licensing authority exercises its power under Section 7(5)(a) of the 2003 Act the other Committee must consider a report of the Licensing Committee. Where the Council does not make arrangements under Section 7(3), it must (unless the matter is urgent) consider a report of the Licensing Committee with respect to the matter before discharging the function (Section 7(4)). Part 3 Section 2B Page 1 of 2 Issue 1 – 2010/11 27 May 2010

LICENSING COMMITTEE 10/11?

S ARMITAGE (Lab) M DOBSON (Lab) R DOWNES (Lib Dem)

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С

D

Ε

J DUNN (Lab) R D FELDMAN (Cons) G HYDE (Lab)

T GRAYSHON (M B I) G HUSSAIN(Lab) V MORGAN (Lab)

MRS R FELDMAN (Cons) T HANLEY (LAB) B SELBY (Lab)

C TOWNSLEY (Lib Dem) G WILKINSON (Cons) D WILSON (Lib Dem)

SUB COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP

	SUZI ARMITAGE	LAB	Crossgates & Whinmoor
A	MARK DOBSON	LAB	Garforth & Swillington
	RYK DOWNES	LIB DEM	Otley & Yeadon
	JACK DUNN	LAB	Ardsley & Robin Hood
в	RONALD FELDMAN	CONS	Alwoodley
	GRAHAM HYDE	LAB	Killingbeck & Seacroft
	TERRY GRAYSHON	МВІ	Morley South
С	GHULAM HUSSAIN	LAB	Roundhay
	VONNIE MORGAN	LAB	Killingbeck & Seacroft
	MRS RUTH FELDMAN	CONS	Alwoodley
D	TED HANLEY	LAB	Bramley & Stanningly
	BRIAN SELBY	LAB	Killingbeck & Seacroft
	CHRIS TOWNSLEY	LIB DEM	Horsforth
E	GERALD WILKINSON	CONS	Wetherby
	DONALD WILSON	LIB DEM	Rothwell

Licensing Sub-Committees

The Licensing Sub-Committees are authorised to discharge¹ the following functions² concurrently³:

- 1. functions⁴ under:
 - (a) section 18(3) of the 2003 Act (determination of application for premises licences where representations have been made);
 - (b) section 31(3) of the 2003 Act (determination of application for provisional statements where representations have been made);
 - (c) section 35(3) of the 2003 Act (determination of application for variation of premises licence where representations have been made);
 - (d) section 39(3) of the 2003 Act (determination of application to vary designated premises supervisors following police objection;
 - (e) section 44(5) of the 2003 Act (determination of application for transfer of premises licences following police objection);
 - (f) section 48(3) of the 2003 Act (consideration of police objection made to an interim authority notice);
 - (g) section 52(3) of the 2003 Act (determination of an application for review of a premises licence);
 - (h) section 53A-C of the 2003 Act (summary expedited review hearings);
 - section72(3) of the 2003 Act (determination of application for club premises certificates where relevant representations have been made;
 - (j) section 85(3) of the 2003 Act (determination of application to vary club premises certificates where representations have been made);
 - (k) section 88(3) of the 2003 Act (determination of application for review of a club premises certificate);
 - (I) section 105(2)(decision to give counter notice following police objection to a temporary event notice);
 - (m)section 120(7) of the 2003 Act (determination of application for grant of personal licence following police objection);
 - (n) section 121(6) of the 2003 Act (determination of application for renewal of personal licences following police objection);
 - (o) section 124(4) of the 2003 Act (revocation of licence where convictions come to light after grant or renewal of personal licences);
 - (p) section 20(3) of the 2003 Act (making recommendations for restricting the admission of children to the exhibition of any film)
 - (q) section 159 of the 2005 Act (determination of application for premises licences where representations have been made)⁵

¹ With the exception of those functions set out in paragraphs 1 and 2 above, and subject to any direction given by the Licensing Committee, the Licensing Sub-Committees may arrange for any of these functions to be discharged by an officer (Section 10(2) and (5) of the Licensing Act 2003 (the 2003 Act)).

 ² "Functions" for these purposes shall be construed in a broad and inclusive fashion and shall include the doing of anything which is calculated to facilitate or is conducive or incidental to the discharge of any of the specified functions.

 $^{^{3}}$ Section 10(3) of the 2003 Act.

⁴ Including agreeing whether a hearing is necessary.

Part 3 Section 2B

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²⁴ July 2009

- (r) section 187of the 2005 Act (determination of application for variation of premises licence where representations have been made);⁵
- (s) section 188 of the 2005 Act (determination of application for transfer of premises licences following objection);⁶
- (t) section 195 of the 2005 Act (consideration of objection made to an application for reinstatement); ⁶
- (u) section 203 of the 2005 Act (determination of review of a premises licence);
- (v) section 204 of the 2005 Act (determination of application for provisional statements where representations have been made);⁶
- (w) section 224 of the 2005 Act (decision to give counter notice following an objection to a temporary use notice);
- (x) schedule 10 of the 2005 Act (consideration of representations in relation to the proposed rejection of a family entertainment centre permit);
- (y) schedule 14 of the 2005 Act (consideration of representations in relation to the proposed rejection of a prize gaming permit);
- (z) schedule 13 of the 2005 Act (consideration of representations in relation to the proposed rejection of an alcohol licensed premises gaming machine permit);
- (aa) schedule 12 of the 2005 Act (consideration of representations in relation to the proposed rejection of a club gaming permit or club machine permit);

2. Functions relating to any other hearings required under the 2003 Act or the 2005 Act that have not been reserved to the Licensing Committee.

3. To discharge any other function referred by the Licensing Committee, including making representations to the Licensing Committee in connection with the discharge of its functions.

Exceptions

A Sub Committee is not authorised to discharge functions under paragraph 1 (a) to (e) above where the application relates to an event in the open air, in a temporary structure and where the proposed capacity of the event exceeds 30,000 people.

A Sub Committee is not authorised to discharge functions under paragraph 1 (p) to (u) above where the application relates to a licence for a large casino pursuant to s174 of the 2005 Act.

⁵ Including deciding whether representations are vexatious, frivolous, or will certainly not influence the authority's determination of the application

⁶ Including deciding whether representations are vexatious, frivolous, or will certainly not influence the authority's determination of the application

Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance)

- 1. The Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) is the Monitoring Officer for the Council.
- 2. The Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) is deputy Electoral Registration Officer¹.
- 3. The Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) is authorised to discharge the following Local Choice Functions which have been assigned to full Council (see Part 3 Section 1 of the Constitution)

(a)	To appoint review boards under the Social Security Act 1998 ²
(b)	To make arrangements for appeals against exclusion of pupils from maintained schools
(C)	To make arrangements for appeals regarding school admissions ³
(d)	To make arrangements for appeals by governing bodies ⁴
(e)	To make arrangements to enable questions to be put at Council meetings on the discharge of the functions of a police authority 5

4. Subject to the exceptions listed below, the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance)⁶ is authorised to discharge the following Council (non-executive) functions:

Licensing and Regulatory⁷:

(a)	To license hackney carriages and private hire vehicles	(a) As to hackney carriages, the Town Police Clauses Act 1847 as extended by section 171
		of the Public Health Act 1875 and section 15 of the Transport Act 1985 and sections 47,

¹ The Chief Officer (Legal Licensing and Registration) and the Electoral Services Manager are also appointed as deputy Electoral Services Managers.

⁷ The function of licensing dealers in game and the killing and selling of game, listed at paragraph 23 of part B of Schedule 1 to the Functions and Responsibilities Regulations 2000, has been removed from the delegation scheme as the local authority's responsibility in this regard was repealed under the Regulatory Reform (Game) Order 2007.

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² s34 (4) Social Security Act 1998

³ s94 (1), (1A) and (4) School Standards and Framework Act 1998

⁴ s95 (2) School Standards and Framework Act 1998

⁵ s20 Police Act 1996

⁶ The fact that a function has been delegated to the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) does not require the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) to give the matter his/her personal attention and the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) may arrange for such delegation to be exercised by an officer of suitable experience and seniority. However the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) remains responsible for any decision taken pursuant to such arrangements.

		57, 58, 60 and 79 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 (b) As to private hire vehicles, sections 48, 57, 58, 60 and 79 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976
(b)	To license drivers of hackney carriages and private hire vehicles	Section 51, 53, 54, 59, 61 and 79 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976
(C)	To license operators of hackney carriages and private hire vehicles	Sections 55 to 58, 62 and 79 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976
(d)	*To licence sex shops and sex cinemas and sexual entertainment venues.	The Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982, Section 2, Schedule 3, the Policing and Crime Act 2009, Section 27.
(e)	To license performances of hypnotism.	The Hypnotism Act 1952
(f)	*To license scrap yards	Section 1 of the Scrap Metal Dealers Act 1964
(g)	*To approve premises for the solemnisation of marriages	Section 46A of the Marriage Act 1949 and the Marriages (Approved Premises) Regulations 1995(SI 1995/510)
(h)	*To license persons to collect for charitable and other causes	Section 5 of the Police, Factories etc (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1916 and section 2 of the House to House Collections Act 1939
(i)	To register motor salvage operators	Part I of the Vehicles (Crime) Act 2001

Functions relating to elections⁸:

(a)	Functions relating to community governance	
i	Duties relating to community governance reviews	Section 79 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007
ii	Functions relating to community governance petitions.	Sections 80, 83 to 85 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007
iii	Functions relating to terms of reference of review	Sections 81(4) to (6) of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007
iv	Power to undertake a community governance review.	Section 82 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007
V	Duties when undertaking review.	Section 93 to 95 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007
vi	Duty to publicise outcome of review.	Section 96 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007
vii	Duty to send two copies of order to	Section 98(1) of the Local Government and

⁸ Functions relating to making of recommendations under section 87 – 92 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (Item 5 Paragraph EB of Schedule 1 of the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000/2853) are reserved to the relevant committee that is responsible for making recommendations to full council.

Officer Delegation Scheme (Council (non-executive) functions)

	Secretary of State and Electoral Commission.	Public Involvement in Health Act 2007
(b)	To dissolve small parish councils	Section 10 of the Local Government Act 1972
(C)	To make orders for grouping parishes, dissolving groups and separating parishes from groups	Section 11 of the Local Government Act 1972
(d)	To make temporary appointments to parish councils	Section 91 of the Local Government Act 1972

Functions relating to changing governance arrangements:

(a)	To consult prior to drawing up proposals ⁹	S33E Local Government Act 2000
(b)	To make arrangements to hold a referendum ¹⁰	S33K(2) Local Government Act 2000
(C)	To publish a notice if proposals are not approved in referendum	S33K(6) Local Government Act 2000
(d)	To implement new governance arrangements	S33G and S33H Local Government Act 2000
(e)	To comply with any direction from the Secretary of State	S33I Local Government Act 2000

Functions relating to standing orders:

(a)	To make standing orders	Section 106 of, and paragraph 42 of Schedule 12 to the Local Government Act 1972
(b)	To make standing orders as to contracts	Section 135 of the Local Government Act 1972

Exceptions¹¹:

The Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) is not authorised to discharge those functions marked *above where objections have been received.

Licensing Functions delegated by Licensing Committee:

Subject to the exceptions listed below, the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) is authorised to discharge the licensing functions ¹² of the licensing authority. <u>Exceptions:</u>	Licensing Act 2003 and the Gambling Act 2005.
 any licensing function¹³ reserved to full Council¹⁴; and 	

⁹Subject to consultation with party Leaders about the consultation plan

¹⁰ Where the Council has decided to hold a referendum

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¹¹ Under this delegation scheme (council functions). The Licensing and Regulatory Panel may however arrange for the discharge of <u>any</u> of its functions by the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) - (Section 101(2) Local Government Act 1972.

•	any licensing function where full Council has referred a matter to a committee other than the Licensing Committee ¹⁵ ; and	
•	any licensing function within the terms of reference of the Licensing Sub- committees ¹⁶ ;and	
•	to object when the Authority is consultee and not the relevant authority considering an application under the 2003 Act	

Appointments to Committees Boards and Panels

To appoint members to vacancies during the period between the local elections and the Annual Council meeting, in consultation with appropriate whips, in order to secure that meetings necessary to be held during that period can proceed with adequate and appropriate membership levels.

¹² "Licensing functions" means functions under the 2003 Act and the 2005 Act.

¹³ "Licensing functions" means functions under the 2003 Act and the 2005 Act.

¹⁴ Part 3, Section 2A of the Constitution sets out licensing functions reserved to full Council, as licensing authority under the 2003 Act.

¹⁵ Under the provisions of Section 7(5)(a) of the 2003 Act

¹⁶ Except where a Licensing sub-committee has arranged for the discharge of any of their functions to an Officer

Officer Delegation Scheme (Council (non-executive) functions)

Director of Environment and Neighbourhoods

The Director of Environment and Neighbourhoods¹ is authorised to discharge the following Council (non-executive) functions²³⁴:

(a)	To issue licences authorising the use of land as a caravan site ("site licences")	Section 3(3) of the Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act 1960
(b)	To license the use of moveable dwellings and camping sites	Section 269(1) of the Public Health Act 1936
(C)	To license premises for acupuncture, tattooing, ear-piercing and electrolysis	Sections 13 to 17 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982
(d)	To license premises for the breeding of dogs	Section 1 of the Breeding of Dogs Act 1973 and Section 1 of the Breeding and Sale of Dogs (Welfare) Act 1999
(e)	To license pet shops and other establishment where animals are bred or kept for the purposes of carrying on a business	Section 1 of the Pet Animals Act 1951, section 1 of the Animal Boarding Establishments Act 1963, the Riding Establishments Act 1964 and 1970, section 1 of the Breeding of Dogs Act 1973 and sections 1 and 8 of the Breeding and Sale of Dogs (Welfare) Act 1999
(f)	To register animal trainers and exhibitors	Section 1 of the Performing Animals (Regulation) Act 1925
(g)	To license zoos	Section 1 of the Zoo Licensing Act 1981
(h)	To license dangerous wild animals	Section 1 of the Dangerous Wild Animals Act 1976
(i)	To grant consent for the operation of a loudspeaker	Schedule 2 to the Noise and Statutory Nuisance Act 1993
(j)	To issue licences for the movement of pigs	Article 12 of the Pigs (Records, Identification and Movement) Order 1995 (SI 1996/11)
(k)	To license the sale of pigs	Article 13 of the Pigs (Records, Identification and Movement) Order 1995
(I)	To license collecting centres for the	Article 14 of the Pigs (Records,

¹ The fact that a function has been delegated to the Director does not require the Director to give the matter his/her personal attention and the Director may arrange for such delegation to be exercised by an officer of suitable experience and seniority. However the Director remains responsible for any decision taken pursuant to such arrangements.

² Items 24 and 68 Paragraph B Schedule 1 of the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000/2853 deleted as legislation stated in the Regulations is no longer in force. The functions are carried out under new legislation and are Executive functions.

³ Items 34 and 57 – 63 and 66 – 67 Paragraph B Schedule 1 of the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000/2853 deleted as legislation stated in the Regulations is longer in force and the functions are no longer carried out by Leeds City Council

⁴ Items 22 Paragraph B Schedule 1 of the Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities) (England) Regulations 2000/2853 not included as the function is carried out by West Yorkshire Trading Standards as a joint service on behalf of all Local Authroities in the West Yorkshire area.

	movement of pigs	Identification and Movement) Order 1995
(m)	To issue a licence to move cattle from a	Article 5(2) of the Cattle Identification
	market	Regulations 1998 (SI 1998/871)
(n)	To sanction use of parts of buildings for	Section 1 of the Celluloid and
	storage of celluloid	Cinematograph Film Act 1922
(0)	Duty to enforce Chapter 1 and regulations	Section 10(3) of the Health Act 2006
	made under it	
(p)	Power to authorise officers	Section 10(5) of, and paragraph 1 of
		Schedule 2 to, the Health Act 2006
(q)	Functions related to fixed penalty notices	Paragraphs 13,15 and 16 of Schedule 1
		to the Health Act 2006. Smoke-free
		(Vehicle Operators and Penalty Notices)
		Regulations 2007 (SI 2006/760)
(r)	Power to transfer enforcement functions to	Smoke-free(Premises and Enforcement)
	another enforcement authority	Regulations 2006 (SI 2006/3368)
(S)	Power to make or revoke an order designating	Section 16 of the Violent Crime Reduction
	a locality as an alcohol disorder zone.	Act 2006



Agenda Item 8 Originator: Kate Feltham

Tel: 395 1157

Report of the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance)

Licensing Committee

Date: 22 June 2010

Subject: Licensing Procedure Rules and Code of Practice for Determining Licensing Matters.

Electoral Wards Affected:	Specific Implications For:
All	Equality and Diversity

Executive Summary

This report sets out the proposed Rules of Procedure to be followed by the Licensing Committee and the Licensing Sub Committees under the provisions of both the Licensing Act 2003 and the Gambling Act 2005. It is necessary for the Licensing Committee to reaffirm the Rules of Procedure each time the Committee is appointed.

1.0 Purpose Of This Report

1.1 To put forward for Members' consideration, draft procedure rules relating to hearings and other meetings of the Licensing Committee and Sub Committees and to seek the approval of Members to the adoption of these to govern committee procedure under the Licensing Act 2003 ('The 2003 Act') and the Gambling Act 2005 ('The 2005 Act').

2.0 Background Information

- 2.1 Under the Licensing Act 2003 Leeds City Council was appointed as the licensing authority for the Leeds district. With the exception of certain functions (most notably the development of a licensing policy), the Act referred all matters relating to the discharge of licensing functions to a licensing committee, which had to be created and which must discharge those functions on behalf of the authority.
- 2.2 Section 9 (2) of the 2003 Act provides that the Secretary of State may issue regulations governing
 - The proceedings of licensing committees and their subcommittees (including provision about the validity of proceedings and the quorum for meetings)
 - Public access to the meetings of those committees and subcommittees
 - The publicity to be given to those meetings

- The agendas and records to be produced in respect of those meetings
- Public access to such agendas and records and other information about those meetings

Subject to the regulations, each licensing committee may regulate its own procedure and that of its sub committees.

- 2.3 On 12 January 2005 the Secretary of State issued regulations under Section 9 (2) of the 2003 Act¹ in respect of licensing matters, although these only apply to the procedure to be followed in respect of hearings as defined in column 1 of schedule 1 to the Regulations. Effectively this relates to the normal business of Licensing Sub Committees such as determining applications for premises licences, variations and transfers of licences and reviews.
- 2.4 On 2 March 2005 the Licensing Committee approved two sets of procedure rules under the 2003 Act and the associated regulations. The first set of rules were referred to as the Licensing Committee General Procedure Rules and the second as the Licensing Committee Hearings Procedure Rules. The second set mirrored the Regulations issued by the Secretary of State referred to in paragraph 2.3 above.
- 2.5 Under the Gambling Act 2005 the functions of the council as licensing authority for gambling are also automatically referred to the Licensing Committee created under the 2003 Act. Section 154(5) of the 2005 Act ensures that the provisions of section 9 of the 2003 Act apply to the proceedings of Licensing Committee and Sub Committees when exercising functions under part 8 of the 2003 Act (premises licensing). The Secretary of State can therefore use this provision to make regulations that may apply to both licensing and gambling functions, or she may make separate regulations for each Act.
- 2.6 On 27 January 2007 the Secretary of State issued regulations in respect of premises licensing under the 2005 Act². These regulations apply only to the exercise of functions in respect of premises licensing and provisional statements under the 2005 Act. Therefore there are two separate sets of regulations which apply to the conduct of Licensing Committee and Sub Committees dependent upon which functions are being exercised.
- 2.7 On 3rd April 2007 the Committee considered whether the provisions of the Gambling Regulations could be incorporated into the then existing Procedure Rules and concluded that they could not. The Committee then considered whether two full sets of rules should be drafted in relation to the gambling and licensing functions and agreed instead that a revised set of Rules be approved which cross refer to the two sets of regulations without setting out the full provisions of either.

Main Issues

Licensing Committee Procedure Rules

3.1 The Committee has previously approved one set of Licensing Committee Procedure Rules, which apply to proceedings under both the 2003 Act and the 2005 Act and which cross refer to the relevant regulations. The Rules proposed for adoption by the

¹ Licensing Act 2003 (Hearings) Regulations 2005 SI 2005/44

² The Gambling Act 2005 (Proceedings of Licensing Committees and Sub Committees) (Premises Licence and Provisional Statements) (England and Wales) Regulations 2007 SI 2007/173 Page 24

Licensing Committee at **Appendix 1** to this report are substantially the same as those approved previously.

3.4 However it will be necessary for Members, Officers and the public to be aware of the different rules and how they apply. A simple information sheet has been drafted and is available to members of the public at hearings and is attached at **Appendix 2**

Licensing Code of Practice

- **3.6** The Code of Practice for the determination of licensing matters substantially follows the guidance produced by LACORs (Local Authority Coordinators of Regulatory Services). The Code applies to all licensing decisions made including decisions of the Licensing and Regulatory Panel, decisions of the Licensing Committee, decisions of the Licensing Sub committee and any delegated decisions within the terms of reference of the preceding bodies. The code also applies at all times when Members are involved in the licensing process, such as meetings with the public.
- **3.7** The aim of the code of practice is to ensure that in the licensing process there are no grounds for suggesting that a decision has been biased, partial or not well founded in any way.
- 3.8 The Code of Practice for the determination of licensing matters is attached at **Appendix 3** for the information of Members.

4. Implications For Council Policy And Governance

4.1 The Licensing Committee must operate within the relevant statutory provisions to ensure that it's decisions are valid and can withstand challenge. The adoption of the procedure rules each municipal year prevents challenge to the validity of the rules.

5 Legal And Resource Implications

- 5.1 Failure to adopt and adhere to relevant procedure rules might render decisions susceptible to challenge.
- 5.2 There are no resource implications in adopting the rules.
- 5.3 Following the Code Of Practice for the determination of licensing matters will assist in preventing claims that decisions have been biased, partial or not well founded.

6 Recommendations

- 6.1 That Members approve the Licensing Procedure Rules as set out as **Appendix 1** to this report and note the contents of the associated information sheets as attached at **Appendix 2**.
- 6.2 That members note the contents of the Code of Practice for the determination of licensing matters as attached at **Appendix 3.**

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LICENSING COMMITTEE PROCEDURE RULES

1. INTERPRETATION

'The Chair' means the Chair of the Licensing Committee.

'The Committee' means the Licensing Committee or Licensing Sub Committee.

'The Relevant Regulations' means the Licensing Act 2003 (Hearings) regulations 2005 SI 2005/44 and the Gambling Act 2005 (Proceedings of Licensing Committees and Sub Committees) (Premises Licences and Provisional Statements) (England and Wales) Regulations 2007 SI 2007/173

'The 2003 Act' means the Licensing Act 2003

'The 2005 Act' means the Gambling Act 2005

2. SCOPE

These Procedure Rules will apply in respect all matters which are dealt with by the Committee under either the 2003 Act or the 2005 Act

3. APPLICATION OF COUNCIL PROCEDURE RULES/ACCESS TO INFORMATION PROCEDURE RULES

Except where the Relevant Regulations provide differently, the Council Procedure Rules and Access to Information Procedure Rules (in so far as they apply to committees and sub-committees) will be followed for all meetings of the Committee.

4. APPLICATION OF THE RELEVANT REGULATIONS

The provisions of the Licensing Act (Hearings) Regulations 2005 shall apply to any hearings conducted under the provisions of the Licensing Act 2003¹ and in the event of any conflict between the relevant regulations and the Council Procedure Rules/Access to Information Procedure Rules in relation to such hearings the provisions of the relevant regulations shall prevail.

The provisions of the Gambling Act 2005 (Proceedings of Licensing Committees and Sub Committees) (Premises Licences and Provisional Statements) (England and Wales) Regulations 2007 shall apply to the exercise of functions under Section 162 (1) and (2) and Section 201 (4) of the Gambling Act 2005 and in the event of any conflict between the relevant regulations and the Council Procedure Rules/Access to Information Procedure Rules in relation to the exercise of such functions the provisions of the relevant regulations shall prevail.

¹ Hearings are defined as those matters referred to in column 1 of schedule 1 to the regulations

5. APPOINTMENT OF CHAIR

The Authority shall appoint the Chair of the Licensing Committee at its AGM.

The Chair of each Licensing Sub-Committee shall be elected by the Sub-Committee at the start of each meeting.

6. QUORUM

Five Members (including the Chair) shall form a quorum for meetings of the Licensing Committee.

Three Members shall normally form a quorum for meetings of a Licensing Sub-Committee. In exceptional circumstances such as illness or unanticipated none availability of a Sub-Committee Member it shall be possible for a sub committee to conduct a hearing with only two Members present provide that

- Attempts have been made to identify a Member who can substitute for the Member who is not available without success and
- The parties present agree to a quorum of two and
- The resultant decision is unanimous

Except where authorised by statute, business shall not be transacted a meeting unless a quorum is present.

7. SUBSTITUTE MEMBERS

Allocation

No substitute Members are appointed for the Licensing Committee. In relation to each Licensing Sub-Committee, the Licensing Committee has appointed substitute Members, comprising all other Members of the Licensing Committee.

Substitution

A substitute Member shall be entitled to attend in place of a regular Member provided that the Committee Clerk has been notified of this before the meeting begins. Once the meeting has begun, the regular Member in respect of whom notification has been received, shall no longer be entitled to attend that agenda item as a Member of the Licensing Sub-Committee concerned.

Powers and duties

A substitute Member will have all the powers and duties of any regular Member of the Licensing Sub-Committee but will not be able to exercise any special powers or duties exercisable by the person for whom s/he is substituting.

Part 4 (n) Page 2 of 3 Issue 1 – 2009/10 June 2008 A substitute Member shall be for all purposes a duly appointed Member of the Licensing Sub-Committee to which s/he is appointed as a substitute Member for the meeting in question and shall have the like duties, powers and responsibilities as the member whom s/he is replacing.

8. MEETINGS OF THE COMMITTEE

The Chair of the Committee or the Chief Executive may call a meeting at any time.

A special meeting of the Committee may be called on the requisition of any 3 Members of the Committee delivered in writing to the Chief Executive. The summons to such a special meeting shall set out the business to be considered and no business other than that set out in the summons shall be considered at that meeting.

> Part 4 (n) Page 3 of 3 Issue 1 – 2009/10 June 2008

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GAMBLING ACT 2005	Time within which hearing is to be held: As soon as reasonably practicable after the end of the period for representations	Hearings longer than 1 day to be held on consecutive days. Notice of hearing:- - Sent so it is received no later than 10 working days before the first day of the hearing	 Notice to be given to:- Licence holder, applicant and those who made reps. Information to be given with notice:- Rights of the parties under reg 8 and 9. Consequences of failure to attend. Procedure at the hearing. Time limit (if any) for informing that the party:- Wishes to attend. Wishes to be represented. Wishes to be represented. Wishes to withdraw representations. Is content to have the matter determined without a hearing. Points requiring clarification Copy documents to licence holder/applicant Right to request documents to those making reps.
LICENSING ACT 2003	Time within which hearing is to be held: Set out in Schedule 1 – generally 20 working days starting the day after the end of the period for representations.	Hearings longer than 1 day to be held on consecutive days. Notice of hearing:- - Generally 10 working days Shorter periods for tens, interim authority notice (2 days) and review of closure order (5 days)	Notice to be given to:- Licence holder/applicant and those who made reps. Information to be given with notice:- - Rights of the parties - Rights of the parties - Consequences of failing to attend - Procedure at hearing - Points requiring clarification - Copies of relevant reps

COMMITTEE PROCESS

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LICENSING ACT	GAMBLING ACT
Action following notice of hearing:-	
 Parties to return counter notice to include:- Request for permission to call witnesses Whether he will attend/be represented Whether he considers a hearing to be necessary 	τ
Dispensing with a hearing:-	Dispensing with a hearing:-
All parties give notice that they consider a hearing is unnecessary and the Authority agrees.	All parties notify the Authority that they consent to matter being dispensed with.
Notice that hearing has been dispensed with must be given forthwith	Notice that hearing has been dispensed with must be given as soon as reasonably practicable.
Withdrawal of representations: In writing up to 24 hours before hearing Orally at the hearing.	
Power to extend time:-	Power to extend time:-
 Any time limit can be extended unless it relates to a review following closure order. If time limit is extended a notice to that effect must be given forthwith 	- Applies only to time for determining an application or review following a hearing.

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		it doc		st is is is to be	
	GAMBLING ACT	any information or regard to the abil s to attend. ust be given as soo	I rule that the hearing must be in public. clude the public if necessary in the circumstan regard to:- Any unfairness that is likely to result to a party fr a public hearing The need to protect as far as possible commercial or other legitimate interests of a party	iffy the Authority wheth tify the Authority wheth ring may proceed in hi ring in circumstances oncludes he does not in aring may proceed in h tend to attend but doe t is in the public intere- absence the party's ap onsidered.	
	GAMB	 Postponing/adjourning the hearing:- If necessary to consider any information or documents. Or if necessary having regard to the ability of any party, representative or witness to attend. Notice of adjournment must be given as soon as reasonably practicable. 	era ex	t part part part part part part part part	
HEARING PROCEDURE		Postponing/adjo	Hearings in public:- Gen - Gen - May havir	Failure to attend - - If a - If a - If a - If a - If a - If a - If a	(MJC)
	LICENSING ACT	Postponing/adjourning the hearing:- Where it is considered necessary the hearing may be adjourned to a specified date. Notice of adjournment must be given forthwith.	 Hearings in public:- General rule that the hearing must be in public. May exclude the public if the public interest in excluding the public outweighs the public interest in having a public hearing. A party or representative may be regarded as a member of the public. 	Failure to attend: - If a party has indicated they will not attend the hearing may proceed in his absence. - If a party has not notified the Authority it may either adjourn the hearing or proceed in his absence. - If the hearing proceeds in absence the party's application, representation or notice must be considered.	C:\Documents and Settings\007715291.ocal Settings\Temp/notes6030C8\COMMITTEE PROCES1.doc(MJC)

LICENSING ACT	GAMBLING ACT
Representation at the hearing:-	Representation at the hearing:-
A party may attend and be assisted or represented by any person whether or not they are legally represented (subject to exclusion of the public or disruptive persons).	A party may attend and be assisted or represented by any person whether or not they are legally represented (subject to exclusion of the public or disruptive persons).
Rights of a party:-	Rights of a party:-
A party has a right to address the committee. A party has a right to give further information on any matter where clarification has been requested.	A party has a right to address the committee. A party has a right to give further information on any matter where clarification has been requested.
Calling Witnesses:-	Calling Witnesses:-
If given permission by the committee following a request in a party's notice of intention	Right to call witnesses to give evidence on a matter relevant to the application or representation.
Questions of other parties:-	Questions of other parties:-
Only if given permission to do so by the committee.	Party must be allowed to question any other party or representative on any relevant matter where the committee considers it appropriate to do so.
Documents in support:-	Documents in support:-
May be considered where produced before the hearing or (with the consent of all parties) at the hearing.	Must be considered if produced before the hearing or at the hearing with the consent of all those in attendance.
Time Limits:	Time Limits:-
All parties must have equal maximum periods of time to exercise their rights.	No provision.
Disruptive Parties:-	Disruptive Parties:-
May be required to leave and not permitted to return or may impose conditions on their return. But such a person may before the end of the hearing make submissions in writing.	May be required to leave and not permitted to return or may impose conditions on their return. But such a person may before the end of the hearing make submissions in writing.

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CODE OF PRACTICE FOR THE DETERMINATION OF LICENSING MATTERS

1.0 BACKGROUND

1.1 This Code of Practice for the determination of licensing matters substantially follows the Guidance produced by LACORs (Local Authority Co-ordinators of Regulatory Services) in consultation with the Standards Board for England, the Association of Council Secretaries and Solicitors (ACSeS), the Association of London Government (ALG) and the Society of Local Authority Chief Executives (SOLACE) for Licensing Committee Hearings under the Licensing Act 2003 (Updated October 2007).

2.0 SCOPE

2.1. This code **applies** to all licensing decisions including Decisions of the Licensing and Regulatory Panel Decisions of the Licensing Committee Decisions of any Licensing Sub committee Delegated decisions within the terms of reference of the above bodies

All decisions made by the above bodies will be referred to within this code as decisions of the licensing authority

This code **also applies** at all times when Members are involved in the licensing process. This includes taking part in decision making meetings of the Council in exercising the functions of the licensing authority and on less formal occasions such as meetings with officers or the public and consultative meetings. It applies as equally to licensing enforcement matters, reviews, or site specific issues as it does to licensing applications.

- 2.2 **The aim of this code of good practice is** to ensure that in the licensing process there are no grounds for suggesting that a decision has been biased, partial or not well founded in any way.
- 2.3 Sections 3-5 apply to all Members. Sections 6-14 apply particularly to Members of the Licensing Committee or Licensing and Regulatory Panel. Sections 15-16 apply to officers. Sections 17-19 deal with procedures, monitoring and review
- 2.4 **If you have any doubts** about the application of this Code, you should seek early advice, preferably well before any meeting takes place from the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance).

3.0 RELATIONSHIP WITH THE MEMBERS CODE OF CONDUCT

3.1 Leeds City Council's Members Code of Conduct was adopted by the Council on the 24th May 2007 and must be complied with throughout the decision making process.

Do apply the rules in the Members Code of Conduct first and at all times.

Do then apply the rules of this Code which seek to explain and supplement the Members Code of Conduct for the purposes of licensing. If you do not abide by this Code you may put:

- the Council at risk of proceedings on the legality or maladministration of the related decision; and
- yourself at risk of either being named in a report made to the Standards Committee or Council or, if the failure is also likely to be a breach of the Members Code of Conduct, a complaint being made to the Standards Committee.

4.0 DECLARATIONS OF INTERESTS UNDER THE MEMBERS CODE OF CONDUCT

4.1 It is your responsibility to declare any personal or prejudicial interest you may have, or be perceived as having, in a matter at any relevant meeting, including informal meetings or discussions with officers and other Members preferably at the beginning of the meeting. You should declare the existence and nature of that interest.

If your personal interest in a matter arises due to solely from your membership of, or position of control/ management on:

- Any other body to which you were appointed or nominated by the authority;
- Any other body exercising functions of a public nature (for example another local authority).

The Model Members Code of Conduct states¹ that in these cases, provided that you do not also have a prejudicial interest, you only need to declare that interest if you intend to speak on the matter.

If you have a personal or prejudicial interest in a matter do then act accordingly depending on the interest that you have declared.

Where your interest is personal and prejudicial you should withdraw from the room or chamber where the meeting is being held:-

Do not participate or give the appearance of trying to participate in any part of the meeting which involves the matter in which you have a prejudicial interest. You may however make representations, answer questions on a matter or give evidence on a matter if the public also have the right to do so². You only have the same right as the public to make representations You will be brought into the meeting when the other parties are called in. You will be subject to the same time limits as all other parties and have the same rights i.e. to make representations, give evidence and answer questions but not to cross examine other parties You must leave the room immediately after making representations, answering questions or giving evidence

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¹ Paragraph 9(2) Model Code of Conduct for Members

² Paragraph 12(2) Model Code of Conduct for Members

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and must take no part in the decision making. If the public have no right to make representations, answer questions on a matter or give evidence on a matter then you must withdraw from the meeting room when the matter in which you have a prejudicial interest is discussed.

Where you have a prejudicial interest in the matter is to be determined by a Licensing Sub Committee you should ensure that you have arranged for a substitute to attend the hearing in your place as although you may have a right to make representations, answer questions on a matter or give evidence on a matter you are not able to take part in the decision.

Do not get involved in the processing of the application.

Do not seek to improperly influence a decision on a matter in which you have a prejudicial interest. Not all attempts to influence a decision will be improper. Improper influence would be any attempt to use your position to further your own interests in a way that would not be open to an ordinary member of the public. Do not seek or accept any preferential treatment or place yourself in a position that could lead the public to think you are receiving preferential treatment because of your position as a Councillor.

Do be aware that, whilst you are not prevented from seeking to explain or justify a proposal in which you have a personal or prejudicial interest to an appropriate officer, the Code places greater limitations on you than would apply to an ordinary member of the public and sensible steps must be taken to ensure openness and fairness in the decision making process. In particular you should:

- Notify the Monitoring Officer in writing of your own application (or that of a relative or employer where known) or where you are employed as an agent.
- Consider whether it is advisable to employ an agent to act on your behalf in dealing with officers and any public speaking at a licensing hearing.

5.0 MEMBERS SPEAKING AT LICENSING HEARINGS

5.1 All Members of the Council should be aware of the planning case involving a North Yorkshire Councillor, Councillor Richardson. The Councillor was not a member of the Planning Committee but sought to represent the views of his constituents. However his property was affected by the application and the Standards Board for England disqualified him from being a Councillor on the basis that he did not disclose a Personal and Prejudicial interest even though he was not the decision maker and was making representations as either the ward member or in an individual capacity. The Court of Appeal upheld the Standards Board decision.

As a result of this case the Model Members Code of Conduct was amended and now provides that you can make representations, answer questions on a matter or give evidence on a matter in which you have a prejudicial interest if the public also have the right to do so. You must leave the room immediately after making representations, answering questions or giving evidence.

Code of Practice for Determining Licensing Matters

You only have the same right as the public to make representations You will be brought into the meeting when the other parties are called in. You will be subject to the same time limits as all other parties and have the same rights i.e. to make representations, give evidence and answer questions but not to cross examine other parties You must not remain in the room when the decision is made even if you are not making the decision.

6.0 BIAS AND PREDETERMINATION IN THE LICENSING PROCESS

6.1 Given the requirement that Members of the Licensing and Regulatory Panel or Licensing Committee or Sub committee should exercise an independent mind and decide proposals in accordance with the relevant licensing considerations, Members must not favour any person, company, group or locality or commit themselves to a particular point of view on a licensing application prior to its full consideration at the Licensing and Regulatory Panel or Licensing Committee or Sub committee.

Do not make up your mind or give the impression of making up your mind (particularly in relation to an external interest or lobby group) prior to the decision making meeting and of your hearing the officer's presentation and the evidence and arguments on both sides.

Do be aware that you are likely to be biased or pre-determined where the Council is the landowner or applicant **if** you have been or are perceived as being, a chief advocate for the proposal. This will not necessarily arise from being a member of the proposing board or the Executive but through a significant personal involvement in preparing or advocating the proposal by which you may be perceived as being unable to act impartially or determine the proposal purely on its licensing merits and in the public interest.

Do remember that you are, of course, free to listen to a point of view about a licensing proposal, give procedural advice and agree to forward any comments, but should then refer the person to the appropriate licensing officer.

Do not use any political group meetings prior to the Licensing and Regulatory Panel or Licensing Committee or Sub committee meeting to determine how you or other Councillors should vote. There is no objection to a political group having a predisposition, short of predetermination, for a particular outcome or for you to begin to form a view as more information and opinions become available but decisions can only be taken after full consideration of the Licensing Officer's report and documents and information considered at the Hearing.

The Standards Board for England have provided advice and guidance on bias and pre-determination which can be obtained from www.standardsboard.gov.uk.

7.0 MEMBERSHIP OF PARISH COUNCILS AND OUTSIDE BODIES

7.1 This section concerns the position of Members of Leeds City Council who are also Parish Councillors or members of an outside body. These should be recorded on your register of interests.

Part 5 (I) Page 4 of 15 Issue 2 – 2009/10 15 October 2009 **Do** consider if you have a prejudicial interest in a matter by virtue of you being a member of the Parish Council or a Member of the outside body. If the matter affects the financial position of the Parish Council or outside body, or the matter relates to an application made by the Parish Council or outside body then it is capable of being a prejudicial interest.³ (If the matter does not affect the financial position or relate to an application made then it cannot be a prejudicial interest)

If the matter is capable of being a prejudicial interest then you should go onto consider whether the interest is one that a member of the public with knowledge of all the relevant facts would reasonable regard as so significant that it would be likely to prejudice your judgement of the public interest.⁴

Do not take part in the licensing decision making process but withdraw from the meeting or arrange a substitute when you have a prejudicial interest in that matter by virtue of you being on the Parish Council or a member of the outside body. (However you may make representations, answer questions on a matter or give evidence on a matter if the public also have the right to do so)

Do consider yourself able to take part in a licensing debate and vote on a proposal at a meeting of the Parish Council or outside body is a consultee provided:

- The proposal does not substantially affect the well being or financial standing of the consultee body.
- You make it clear that that you are keeping an open mind and may vote differently at the licensing hearing when full details are available.
- You do not commit yourself so far to a particular point of view that you cannot be considered as open to persuasion at a licensing hearing when the proposal is decided.
- You disclose a personal interest regarding your membership or role when the proposal comes to a licensing hearing.

8.0 AREA COMMITTEES

8.1 The introduction of Area Committees within Leeds City Council also requires recognition of the "Dual Hatted" roles which members of the Licensing Committee or Licensing and Regulatory Panel and Area Committees must consider. It is unlikely you would have a Personal and Prejudicial Interest for the purpose of the Members Code of Conduct purely by being a member of the Area Committee but there is a possibility that you may be considered as pre determining a matter if you have spoken in support or against it or are closely associated with such a decision taken at the Area Committee.

³ Paragraph 10(2) Model Code of Conduct for Members

⁴ Paragraph 10(1) Model Code of Conduct for Members

Code of Practice for Determining Licensing Matters

Do consider whether it is appropriate for you to speak at the Area Committee if you wish to speak also on the application at a licensing hearing.

Do consider, whatever your own views, whether as Chair of the Area Committee or a member of any Panel, Committee or Sub Committee, you would be so closely associated with that decision that it would be unreasonable to expect you to disregard it.

Do remember that you can speak and vote on an application which is before the Area Committee for consultation so long as you make it clear that you have only formed a provisional view and will still approach the issue with an open mind and be open to persuasion when the matter is discussed at the licensing hearing.

Do remember that it is not always sufficient to make such a statement if it is not demonstrably genuine. The more controversial the application and or the more vehemently you have supported or opposed it, the more difficult it will be to show that you have not predetermined the matter and therefore render the decision susceptible to challenge. In those circumstances you should not attend the hearing for that application.

9.0 SPOUSE/PARTNER COUNCILLORS

9.1 There may be occasions when the spouse or partner of a Member, usually a member for the same Ward, is also a Member of the Licensing Committee or Sub Committee or the Licensing and Regulatory Panel. That Member might quite properly refer constituents who wish to make representations to his or her spouse or partner rather than be directly lobbied. Generally the fact that the spouse or partner Councillor has been approached will not affect your ability to speak and vote at a licensing hearing.

Be aware that the Members Code of Conduct defines that you have a personal interest in any business of the authority where a decision in relation to that business might reasonably be regarded as affecting your well being or financial position, or the well being or financial position of a relevant person to a greater extent than the majority of other council tax payers, ratepayers or inhabitants of the ward affected by the decision.

Relevant person⁵ includes your spouse or partner.

Acknowledge that in certain circumstances, such as a particularly controversial application in the run up to an election, there is the possibility that a Personal and Prejudicial interest could exist.

Consider if your spouse or partner is so closely involved with the support for, or opposition to, an application that a member of the public might reasonably think that the involvement is such that you must be biased or have predetermined the application.

10.0 EXECUTIVE BOARD MEMBERS

10.1 There is no Constitutional or legal reason why an Executive Board Member should not also be a Member of the Licensing and Regulatory Panel or Licensing Committee and take part in the decision making processes which are not part of the executive function.

Be aware that you should not speak or vote on any matter which you have discussed at Executive Board unless you have demonstrated there and can do so at the licensing hearing that you have not predetermined the application.

Do not take part in any meeting of the Licensing and Regulatory Panel or Licensing Committee or Sub Committee on a matter in which you may have been seen as advocating a proposal as an Executive or Deputy Executive Member.

11.0 CONTACT WITH APPLICANTS AND OBJECTORS

11.1 In order to maintain impartiality, it is preferable that Members are not involved in pre-application discussions but there will be occasions when this can be unavoidable. The following guidance is given:

Do not agree to any formal meeting with applicants, or groups of objectors where you can avoid it. Where you feel that a formal meeting would be helpful in clarifying the issues, you should not arrange it yourself, but request the Licensing Officer to do so. The officer will then ensure that those present are aware that any discussion will not bind the Council and maintain a written file record of the meeting.

Do refer those who approach you for advice to officers.

Do follow the rules on lobbying

Do report any significant contact with the applicant or other parties to the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) explaining the nature and purpose of the contacts and your involvement and ensure that this is recorded on the licensing file.

Do not attend a presentation by an applicant unless an officer is present and/or it has been arranged by an officer.

Do ask relevant questions for the purpose of clarifying your understanding of the proposals but do not express any strong view or state how you or other members might vote.

Do make it clear that the presentation is not part of the formal decision making process and any view is both personal and provisional since not all relevant information will be to hand and the views of interested parties will not have been obtained.

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12.0 MEMBERSHIP OF A LOBBY GROUP

12.1 Lobbying by Councillors is a legitimate activity but in the case of Members of the Licensing and Regulatory Panel or Licensing Committee or Sub Committee significant care needs to be taken to avoid any challenge of bias or predetermination or an allegation of bringing the Council into disrepute.

Do declare the existence and nature of your interest in any lobby group at a licensing hearing so that members of the public are informed about interests that may relate to your decisions. Often this will be a personal interest and you can continue to participate but note that it can sometimes be a prejudicial interest or lead to allegations of bias or predetermination and in those circumstances you must withdraw from the meeting.

Do not take part in any matter that affects the financial position of the lobby group or that relates to the determination of any application for approval, consent, licence, permission or registration made by the lobby group of which you are a member. If the Licensing and Regulatory Panel or Licensing Committee or Sub committee is discussing such a matter you should consider whether you have a prejudicial interest and should act accordingly.

You may take part in a matter than involves issues upon which your lobby group has simply campaigned as long as your involvement has not resulted in you being biased and/or predetermining the matter. You will have personal interest in this matter as the lobby group should be registered on your register of interests and a personal interest arises when the matter directly affects the lobby group, or where the lobby group is otherwise concerned about the outcome of the matter.

Do weigh up the following factors where your lobby group has expressed a public view on a matter and consider whether a reasonable member of the public, knowing the relevant facts, would think that you are biased or have pre-determined a matter. The factors are:

- the nature of the matter to be discussed
- the nature of your involvement with the lobby group
- the publicly expressed views of the lobby group
- what you have said or done in relation to the particular issue

Do not lead, be part of the management of, or represent an organisation whose primary purpose is to promote or oppose licensing proposals. If you do, you may have fettered your discretion (be biased/pre-determined) and have to withdraw.

Do not become a member of an organisation whose primary purpose is to promote or oppose specific licensing proposals or those within a limited geographical area as you may be perceived as having fettered your discretion (be biased/predetermined).

Do join general interest groups which reflect your areas of interest and which concentrate on issues beyond particular licensing proposals such as a local Civic Society but declare a personal interest where that organisation has made

representations on a particular proposal and make it clear to both the organisation and the Panel or Committee that you have not made up you mind on each separate proposal

Do remember that if the local branch of a general interest group has been vociferous or active on a particular issue or you are closely associated with the management or decision making process of that organisation such as being the Chairperson or a member of the Board or Committee, it will become increasingly difficult to demonstrate your ability to judge the matter with an open mind and you may consider that you are biased and/or pre-determined and should withdraw from the meeting.

Do not excessively lobby fellow members regarding your concerns or views or attempt to persuade them that they should decide how to vote in advance of the hearing at which the decision is to be made. It is difficult to define 'excessively' but you need to consider whether a member of the public, knowing the facts would think that, through your representations, the lobbied member was no longer able to take a view on the matter in the public interest but had predetermined it.

Do not publicly support a particular outcome on a proposal or actively campaign for it if you wish to take part in the decision making process. Although in most circumstances this would not amount to a prejudicial interest, it would be very difficult for you to demonstrate that you had the necessary degree of impartiality to properly weigh the arguments presented and the decision would be open to challenge. Again it is a question of maintaining the fine balance between a predisposition where your mind is not totally made up and a predetermination. This would, however, not prevent you from expressing the views of your constituents provided you are capable of determining the Application in accordance with the law.

13.0 SITE VISITS

13.1 Site Visits can play a legitimate part in the decision making exercise but must be limited to inspections by viewing and as a fact finding exercise.

They are not to be used to determine a proposal prior to a hearing.

Due to the tight timescales involved in licensing decisions, site visits must be viewed as an exception rather than the rule

When undertaking a site visit Members should have regard to the following paragraphs of the Code of Practice for Determining Licensing Matters

- Paragraph 6 Fettering Discretion in the Licensing Process
- Paragraph 11 Contact with Applicants/Objectors

13.2 THIS SECTION APPLIES TO MEMBERS REQUESTS FOR A SITE VISIT

• If a Member feels, on receipt of the report on an application that a site visit would be beneficial, s/he should first discuss their concerns with the Principal Licensing or Gambling Officer. Officers have powers to request additional information from

Code of Practice for Determining Licensing Matters

parties, which can then be discussed at the hearing. This information may resolve the issues without the need for a site visit. If a Member still feels that a site visit is necessary then, in the interest of fairness, it is preferable that concerns should be expressed at the scheduled hearing since Members may find that the applicant, interested parties or responsible authorities can provide verbal information to the satisfaction of the Members present.

- Views of the parties present must be canvassed and considered before a site visit is agreed since that is likely to result in a delay to the decision making.
- In the case of a Sub Committee hearing, three Members or a 2:1 majority must be in favour of a site visit for arrangements to be made. The same three Members will be expected to undertake the requested site visit and attend the hearing for the application, which will be re-convened at a later date
- In the case of a meeting of the Licensing Committee or the Licensing and Regulatory Panel, a majority of the Members present must be in favour of a site visit The same Members will be expected to undertake the requested site visit and be able to attend the re-convened meeting which will consider the application subsequent to the site visit
- **DO** raise the need for a site visit at a hearing and be prepared to give reasons why it is of real benefit. The reason will be recorded in the Minutes.
- **DO NOT** request a site visit unless there is a real benefit from viewing the site.

This might arise where:-

- Particular site factors are significant in terms of the weight attached to them relative to other factors or the difficulty of their assessment in the absence of a site inspection; or
- There are significant policy or precedent implications and specific site factors need to be carefully addressed or
- Relevant factors cannot be fully ascertained from any supporting information or the plans submitted to the Licensing Officer and available at the hearing, to Members satisfaction

13.3 THIS SECTION APPLIES TO SITE VISITS AS PROPOSED BY OFFICERS

- The Principal Licensing or Gambling Officer may suggest the Committee or a Sub Committee undertake a Site Visit without prior discussion at a hearing, where in the professional opinion of the Officer there is a real benefit from viewing the site.
- In such cases, officers will approach Members seeking a date for the site visit and hearing usually in the form of an e-mail in the first instance

- The e-mail should set out the proposal for a site visit, the reasons behind the request; the projected benefit for Members; the address of the premise; the type of application and set out the arrangements for the day.
- In such cases it is usual for the site visit to commence at 9.30 am (departing from the Civic Hall) and for the formal meeting to commence at 11.00 am in the Civic Hall to determine the application. As such it is anticipated that hearings will not conclude until the afternoon.
- Having done this, officers will seek confirmation from the Members able to attend that they are happy to undertake the propose site visit

13.4 ON THE SITE VISIT

- **DO** ensure that any information gained from the site visit is reported back at the subsequent hearing.
- **DO** ensure that you treat the site visit as an opportunity to seek information and to observe the site. It is not to be used to determine a matter prior to the hearing
- **DO** ask the officers at the site visit questions or seek clarification from them on matters which are relevant to the site inspection.
- **DO** be prepared to listen to and ask questions of fact from the Applicant or other parties
- **DO** be aware that Officers will make all parties aware of the site visit. All parties may attend subject to being granted access by the owner (see below). If only one party is present be particularly careful only to obtain information and ensure that that information is repeated at the public meeting where the other parties have a right to comment on it.
- **DO** be aware that access to the site is at the discretion of the owner. The owner can legitimately refuse access to objectors and even Members. If access is to be refused consider whether it is still appropriate to undertake the visit.
- **DO NOT** be drawn into arguments or detailed discussions on the individual merits of an application or give the impression that you have made up your mind

Note that the decision can only be made at the Licensing Hearing and you should make this clear to any applicant or other party

- **DO** note comments of the applicant or other parties which are made solely for the purpose of making members aware of any specific local circumstances and issues relevant to the application site.
- **DO NOT** express opinions or views to anyone which can suggest bias or predetermination.

As indicated above, you should make it clear that formal consideration of the proposal will take place in public at the subsequent hearing/meeting.

• **DO NOT** enter a site which is subject to an application otherwise than on a formal site visit although this does not prevent you from viewing the site from the highway or other publicly accessible area.

14.0 TRAINING

14.1 Members making licensing decisions must attend two training sessions each and every year: a Licensing Update session, to receive guidance in relation to regulations and procedures and a Governance and Conduct session for training on declaration of personal and prejudicial interests. Failure to undertake either or both sessions will result in the Elected Member being unable to sit on Licensing and Regulatory Panel or Licensing Committee or Sub Committee.

• **Do not** participate in decision making on licensing matters if you have not undertaken mandatory training.

• **Do** try to attend any other specialised training session provided, since these will be designed to extend your knowledge of licensing law, regulations, procedures and Policies beyond the minimum required and assist you in carrying out your role properly and effectively.

• **Do** revisit a sample of implemented licensing decisions to assess the quality of the decisions. Such a review should improve the quality and consistency of decision-making, thereby strengthening public, confidence in the licensing system, and can help with reviews of planning policies.

15.0 OFFICERS

- 15.1 Councillors and officers have different but complementary roles. Both serve the public but Councillors are responsible to the electorate whilst officers are responsible to the Council as a whole. Officers are employed by the Council and not by individual Councillors and instructions can only be given through a decision of the Council, the Executive or a Panel or Committee. A successful relationship can only be based on mutual respect, trust, courtesy and understanding of each others positions.
- 15.2 The role of the Legal officer is to assist the panel in gathering evidence and understanding all relevant issues in order for Members to make a decision; to advise on the sub committees legal duties under the relevant legislation and on the admissibility of evidence.
- 15.3 All legal advice should be given or repeated in open session for all parties to be made aware of
- 15.4 The role of the Governance Officer is to facilitate the smooth running of the hearing; advise on the Rules of Procedure and Regulations relating to hearings; make notes of the proceedings and reasons for granting or refusing applications

Part 5 (I) Page 12 of 15 Issue 2 – 2009/10 15 October 2009 and ensure that decision letters are sent to all parties as soon as possible after the hearing.

15.5 The role of the Licensing Officer is neutral. They will make no recommendations to the Panel or Committee and attend hearings only to provide a summary report of the application, giving details of the representations received and any relevant legislative or policy considerations.

Do not put pressure on officers to put forward a particular recommendation.

Do recognise that officers are part of a management structure and only discuss an application, outside of any arranged meeting with those officers who are authorised to deal with the application at Member level.

Do recognise and respect that officers involved in the processing and determination of licensing application must act in accordance with the Council's Code of Conduct for Officers. As a result, officers reports will be presented on the basis of their overriding obligation of professional independence

16.0 RELATIONSHIP WITH THE OFFICER CODE OF CONDUCT

16.1 The Council has an approved Officer Code of Conduct.

That Code applies at all times when officers are involved in the licensing process. This includes decision making by officers under delegated powers and attendance at meetings whether those are formal decision making meetings or informal meetings with members or the public.

Officers must apply the rules in the Officer Code of Conduct at all times. If they do not they may put the Council at risk of proceedings on the legality maladministration of any related decision put themselves at risk of disciplinary action.

16.2 Generally licensing officers have little discretion in making licensing decisions. For example they may only grant licences where there are no objections. However there may be situations where they are called upon to exercise discretion such as deciding whether an objection is relevant. Other officers such as those employed by Environmental Health or Development have discretion on whether to object. Legal officers and committee clerks remain in the room with Members when decisions are made.

In all cases officers must avoid any improper conduct or occasion for suspicion of the appearance of improper conduct and should:-

- Ensure that they have given notice of any financial interest in any contract which has been or is proposed to be entered into by the Council
- Not accept gifts, entertainment, hospitality or any benefits in kind as set out in the Officers Code of Conduct
- Declare to their Director by completing the Register of Interests Form any personal interests which may conflict with licensing applications such as

- any involvement with an outside organisation which has an interest in any licensing application
- any financial interest in any licensing application
- any other interest where others may think that a conflict of interest may arise
- Examples of such situations include where the officer lives adjacent to any licensed premises or visits the premises in a personal capacity on a regular basis
- 16.3 Officers should also consider whether their spouse, partner or close relative has a financial or other interest in a licensing application which may give rise to the suspicion of the appearance of improper conduct and where the officer may therefore need to declare an interest.
- 16.4 Where an officer has declared an interest he or she should not participate in the processing of a licensing application but should instead refer the matter to his or her Manager who will arrange for another officer to discharge the duties.

17.0 PROCEDURES AT LICENSING HEARINGS

17.1 Procedure Rules exist for hearings before the Licensing Committee and Sub committees. Hearings before the Licensing and Regulatory Panel will be governed by the Council Procedure Rules as they apply to Regulatory Panels.

18.0 MONITORING AND REVIEW

- 18.1 The Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) will report annually to the Standards Committee regarding whether the arrangements set out in this Code have been complied with and will include any proposals for amendment in the light of any issues that have arisen during the year.
- 18.2 In particular, the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) shall monitor the following:-
 - the number of complaints made about breaches of the Code and the outcome of those complaints
 - the number of appeals upheld
 - any external inspection reports in respect of relevant issues
 - any ombudsman complaints or reports in respect of relevant issues

19.0 BREACHES OF THE CODE OF PRACTICE

19.1 Maintaining high ethical standards enhances the general reputation of the Council, its Members and its officers. Open and transparent decision making enhances local democracy and should lead to better informed citizens. This Licensing Code, along with Leeds Council's Members Code of Conduct, and the Officer Code of Conduct are intended to promote these standards.

Part 5 (I) Page 14 of 15 Issue 2 – 2009/10 15 October 2009 **Do** be aware of your responsibilities under this Code and the Members Code of Conduct

Do report any apparent breaches of either Code to the Monitoring Officer.

Do seek advice if you are in doubt.

- 19. 2 Failure to comply with the Members Code of Conduct may lead to a complaint to the Standards Committee Assessment Sub-Committee who can, in certain circumstances disqualify a Councillor. Failure to comply with this Licensing Code may lead to a finding of Maladministration by the Ombudsman or could lead to a decision being challenged in the courts.
- 19.3 Allegations of breach of this Licensing Code of Practice by Members may be referred to the Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) for referral to the Standards Committee, the relevant Leader and/or Chief Whip of the Party.
- 19.4 Allegations of breach of this Licensing Code by Officers will be referred to the relevant Director for consideration under the Council's Disciplinary Procedure.

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LICENSING COMMITTEE/REG PANEL WORK PROGRAMME - LAST UPDATED 14 June 2010

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	NOTES	TYPE OF ITEM	
Items Currently Unscheduled				
Youth Service	Review of work being done on under age consumption of alcohol	Requested by LC at meeting 04/10	В	
EH Noise Service	Update on approach to licensing applications and noise from licensed premises		В	
WYTSS	Test purchasing and other measures tackling under age sales		В	
Nightime economy strategy	Briefing by revised strategy – Clare McCall		В	
Pubwatch	Briefing on pubwatch activities/support	Possibly Sept meeting	В	
Constitution for trade forums	To approve new constitution		DP	
NVQ/VRQs for drivers	Update and review report		DP	
TPHL policies	To agree a schedule for policies to be refreshed and approved		DP	
Driver licences – nationality and immigration status checks	To consider amending the existing driver application process to include checks on applicants right to work in the UK		DP	

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	Officer	TYPE OF ITEM	
Meeting date: 22	Meeting date: 22 June 2010			
SEVs	Adoption of LG9MP)Act 1982	Sue Holden	DP	
SEVs	Policy content and method of consultation	Sue Holden	DP	
Sub committees and delegations	To approve the Sub C's TOR and delegations to officers etc for 2010/11	Kate Feltham	PM	

Agenda Item 9

LICENSING COMMITTEE/REG PANEL WORK PROGRAMME - LAST UPDATED 14 June 2010

Meeting date: 20) July 2010		
LA03 policy	Public consultation on draft policy	Sue Holden	B/SC
Leeds Festival	Approve EMP	Steve Holder	SC
Appeal	Report on outcome Bargain Booze	Adrian Tonge	В
WYP	Update on licensing approach and issues	Invited by GM 8/6/10	В
Meeting date: 17	/ August 2010		
SEVs	Update from working group?	Sue Holden	DP
Meeting date: 14	4 Sept 2010		
Large Casino	Update and possible discussion on application pack	Sue Holden	
Meeting date: 19	October 2010		
SEVs	Update pre public consultation	Sue Holden	DP
Meeting date: 16	S November 2010		
Leeds Festival	Debrief meeting report		
Meeting date: 2 ⁴	l December 2010		
Meeting date: 18	Jan 2011		

LICENSING COMMITTEE/REG PANEL WORK PROGRAMME - LAST UPDATED 14 June 2010

Casino	Update – possible start of stage 1	Sue Holden	В
Meeting date:	15 Feb 2011		
SEVs	Report back on public consultation and possible approval of policy	Sue Holden	B/DP
Meeting date:	15 Mar 2011		
Casino	Update on applications/arrange sub committee	Sue Holden	В
Meeting date:	12 April 2011		
Meeting date:	17 May 2011		
Casino	Update on stage 1 appeals/stage 2 process	Sue Holden	В
SEVs	Report on transitional applications	Sue Holden	В

Key:

- RP Review of existing policy PM Performance management SC Statutory consultation

- DP Development of new policy B Briefings

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